Establishing Minimum Standards for Sick and Safe Leave From Employment

Evidence indicates that HB 1356 has potential to improve financial security; decrease the transmission of communicable disease; improve health outcomes; and to decrease health disparities by income, educational attainment, race/ethnicity, and geography.

## **BILL INFORMATION**

**Sponsors**: Representatives Jinkins, Riccelli, S. Hunt, Farrell, Stanford, McBride, Cody, Tharinger, Goodman, Ortiz-Self, Sullivan, Bergquist, Pettigrew, Dunshee, Fitzgibbon, Peterson, Moscoso, Ryu, Appleton, Sells, Pollet, Robinson, Reykdal, Walkinshaw, Senn, Wylie, Ormsby, Lytton, Moeller, Kagi, Hansen, Hudgins, Tarleton, Sawyer, Fey, Gregerson, Gregory, Van De Wege, Kilduff, Blake, Kirby, Orwall, Clibborn

### **Summary of Bill:**

- Requires employers with five or more full-time equivalent employees to provide paid sick and safe leave to employees.
- Provides that employees can take paid sick leave to care for their own health or preventative care needs or those of specific family members.
- Provides that an employee can take paid safe leave due to 1) closure of the employee's place of business or a child's school or childcare due to a public health emergency or 2) for reasons permitted under RCW 49.76.030, which allows unpaid leave for purposes related to domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking.

# HEALTH IMPACT REVIEW

### **Summary of Findings:**

This health impact review found the following evidence regarding the provisions in HB 1356:

- Strong evidence that policies requiring businesses to offer leave benefits to their employees lead to an increase in the number of businesses that offer these benefits.
- Very strong evidence that employees use paid sick days to care for themselves and family members when they have this benefit available.
- Very strong evidence that when employees and their families stay home from work, school, or daycare when sick, there are decreases in the transmission of communicable disease.
- Strong evidence that taking paid time off to care for oneself or a family member is associated with improved health outcomes for employees and their families.
- Strong evidence that paid sick and safe leave benefits improve financial security for employees and their families
- Very strong evidence that economic stability and increased income are associated with improved health outcomes.
- Very strong evidence that improved health outcomes for employees newly eligible for paid sick and safe leave under HB 1356 would lead to decreased health disparities.

# FULL REVIEW

For review methods, logic model, strength-of-evidence analyses, and citations of empirical evidence refer to the full health impact review: <u>http://sboh.wa.gov/Portals/7/Doc/HealthImpactReviews/HIR-2015-08-HB1356.pdf</u>

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