



RULEMAKING FOR SANITARY CONTROL OF SHELLFISH, CHAPTER 246-282 WAC

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Speaker



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DOH Recommendations

- Why are we here today?
 - Chapter 246-282 WAC needs to be updated
 - Definitions
 - Seed size
 - WAC 246-282-006: Vibrio parahaemolyticus (Vp) control plan
- File CR-101 to initiate rulemaking for chapter 246-282 WAC
- Explore improvements to Vp control plan, WAC 246-282-006
- Ready emergency rule for Vp control plan if needed

Washington State

SHELLFISH AUTHORITY

Authority

- RCW 69.30.030: Requires State Board of Health to adopt rules for sanitary shellfish in order to protect public health and carry out the provisions of this chapter.
- Chapter 246-282 WAC: As authorized under chapter 69.30 RCW, the chapter establishes minimum performance standards for shellfish intended for human consumption.
- Washington Department of Health is the regulatory authority administering the shellfish program under chapters 69.30 RCW and 246-282 WAC.

Authority

- WADOH is the shellfish authority for Washington State
- National Shellfish Sanitation Program (NSSP) is the Federal/State cooperative program
 - Recognized by FDA & Interstate Shellfish Sanitation Conference (ISSC)
 - Sanitary control of bivalve shellfish intended for human consumption
- Created NSSP Guide for the Control of Molluscan Shellfish (Model Ordinance)
 - Provide consistency nation wide

National Shellfish Sanitation Program (NSSP)

Guide for the Control of Molluscan Shellfish 2019 Revision

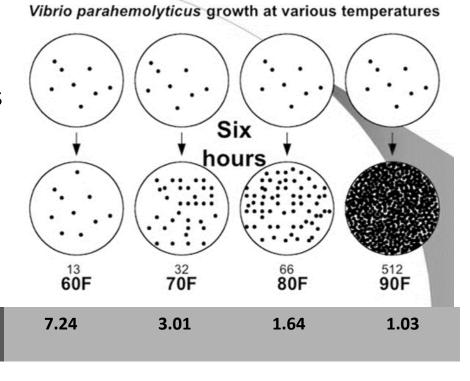


From the U.S. Food and Drug Administration website tp://www.fda.gov/Food/GuidanceRegulation/FederalStateFoodPrograms/ucm2006754.htm Vp

CONTROL METHODS

Vp

- Naturally-occurring bacteria
- Common in warm marine and estuarine environments
 - Highly temperature dependent
- Vp levels increase as air/water temperature rises
- Illnesses usually caused by eating raw or undercooked shellfish



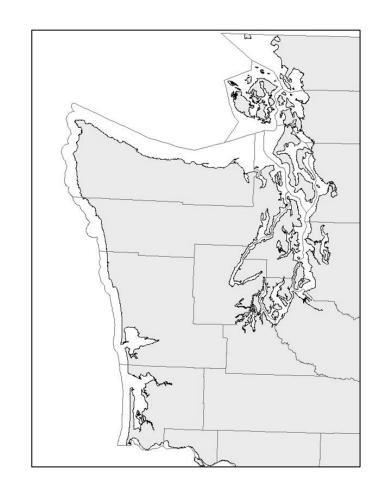
Symptoms	Onset	Duration
Watery diarrhea, abdominal cramping, nausea, vomiting, fever	4 hours – 4 days	2 - 5 days

Doubling Time

(hrs)

WAC 246-282-006: Washington State Vp control plan

- Extension of the NSSP Model Ordinance, updated 2015
- May 1st through September 30th (control months)
- Requirements for production reporting, harvest plans, time of harvest to cooling



Time to harvest to time of cooling

(c) Category 3:

- Each Growing Area has a Risk Categorization.
 - Calculated based off the number of single source illnesses the previous year
- Categories 1, 2, & 3 (3 being highest risk)
- Each category has certain time to cooling requirements
- The requirements become more-strict July 1st through August 31st

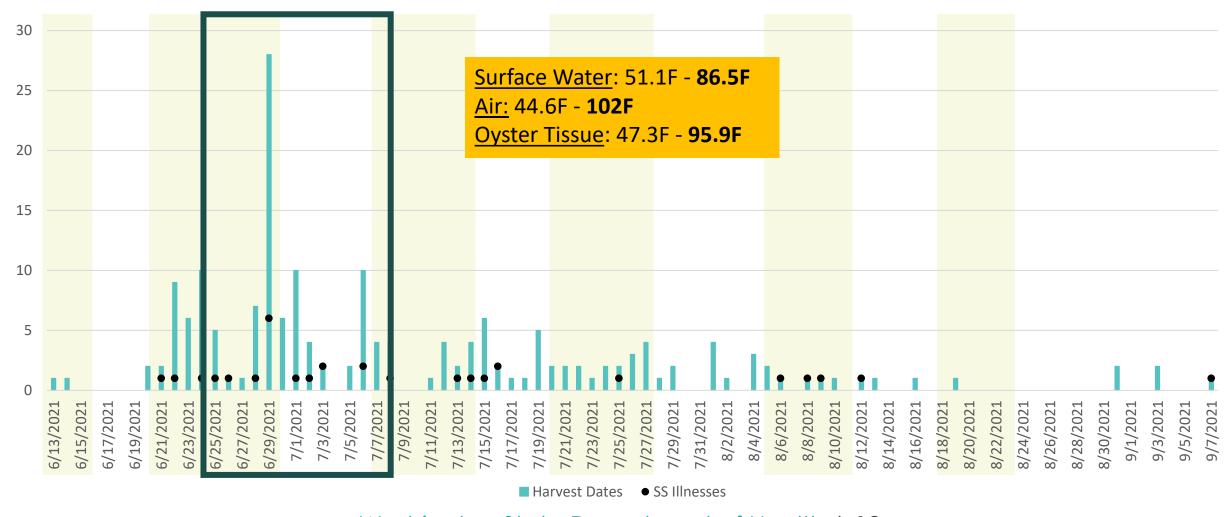
Requirements:	Time to Cooling:
Except as noted below,	
time of harvest to cooling requirement from May	
1st through September	
30th is:	5 hours
When ambient air	
temperature at harvest is	
greater than 80°F, the	
time of harvest to cooling	
requirement is:	3 hours
When harvest	
temperature is between	
64°F and 66°F from July	
1st through August 31st,	
the time of harvest to	
cooling requirement is:	1 hour

Harvest Control: From July 1st through August 31st, harvest is not allowed for twenty-four hours when harvest temperature is above 66°F.

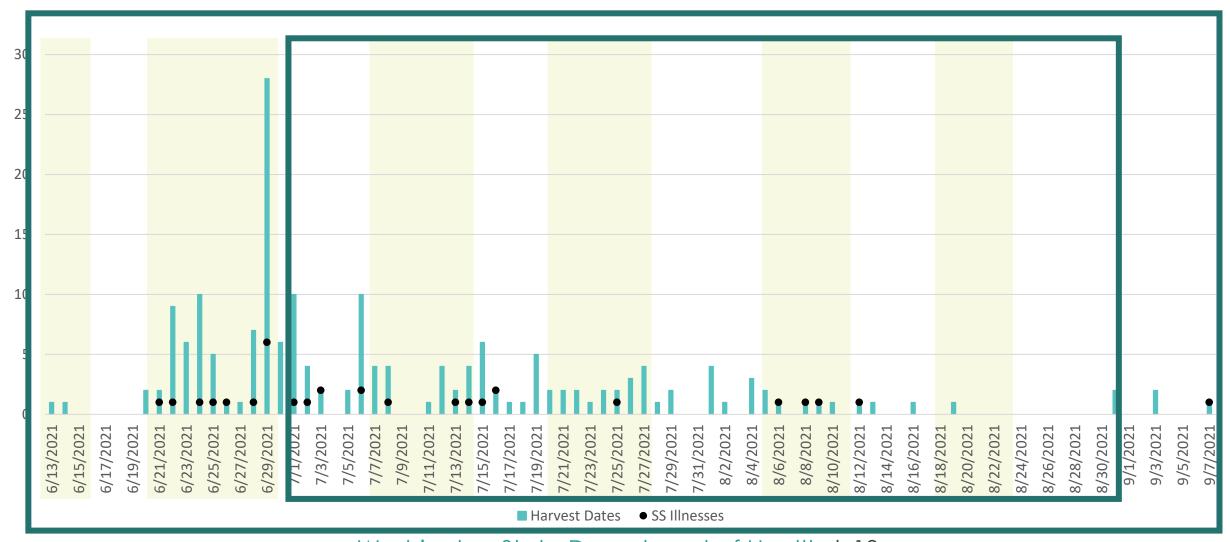
Vp Illnesses

2018-2021

2021 Vp Illnesses by Harvest Date

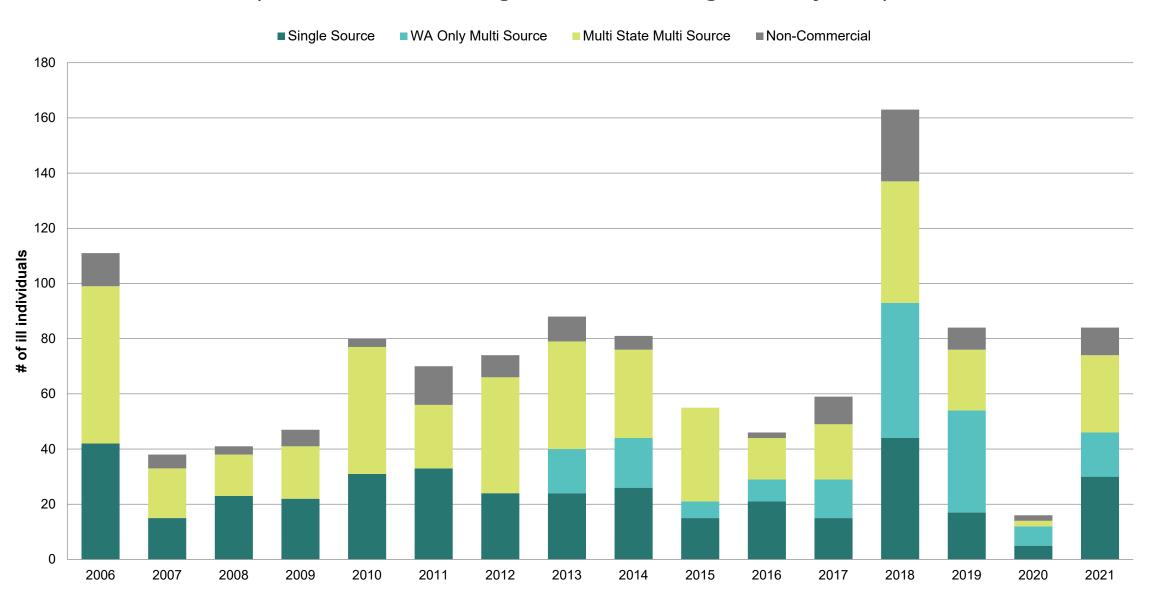


Harvest Dates Implicated in Vp Cases 2021

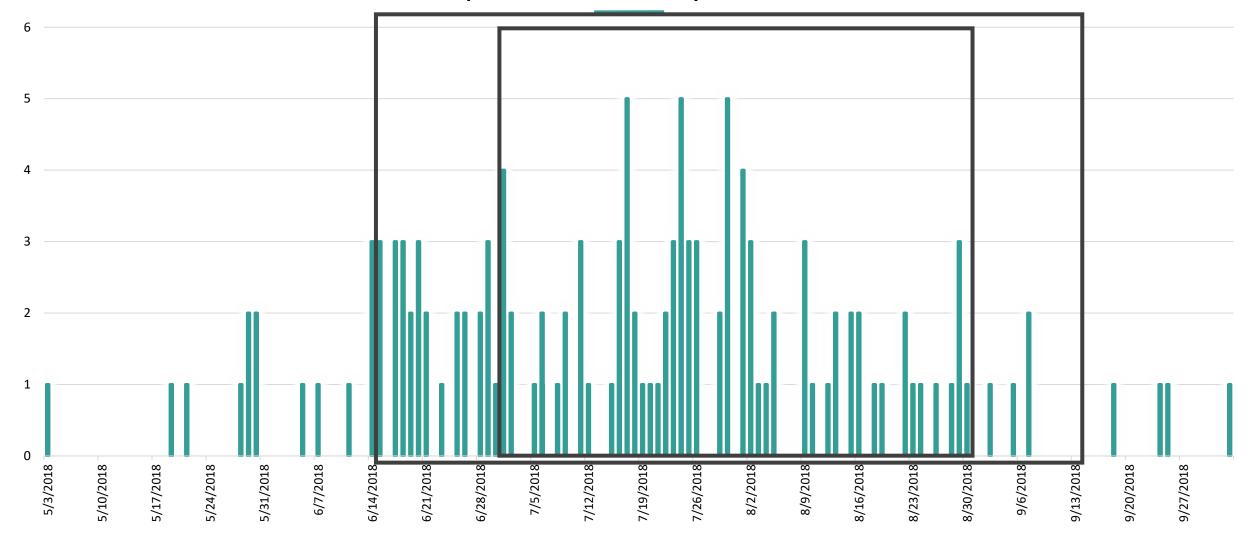


Total Vp Illnesses from Oyster Consumption

(Attributed to Washington State Growing Areas by Year)



2018 Vp Illnesses by Harvest Date



Next Steps

PROPOSED SOLUTION

Proposed Solution

(c) Category 3:

- File a CR-101: update chapter 246-282 WAC
 - With a focus on 246-282-006 Vp **Control Plan**
- File an emergency rule for 2022, requiring the stricter time to cooling temperatures to be May 15- Sept 15 (given the 120-day ER effect)

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